**JS Applications Exam Retake – Eventer**

**Environment Specifics**

Please be aware that every JS environment may **behave differently** when executing code. Certain things that work in the browser are not supported in **Node.js**, which is the environment used by **Judge**.

The following actions are **NOT** supported:

* **.forEach()** with **NodeList** (returned by **querySelector()** and **querySelectorAll()**)
* **.forEach()** with **HTMLCollection** (returned by **getElementsByClassName()** and **element.children**)
* using the **spread operator** (**...**) to convert a **NodeList** into an array
* **append()** in Judge (use only **appendChild()**)
* **prepend()**
* **replaceWith()**
* **replaceAll()**
* **closest()**
* **replaceChildren()**

If you want to perform these operations, you may use **Array.from()** to first convert the collection into an array.

You are assigned to implement a **web application** (SPA) using JavaScript. The application should dynamically display content based on user interaction and support user profiles and CRUD operations using a REST service.

1. **Overview**

**Implement** a front-end app (**SPA**) for creating and managing **events**. The application allows visitors to browse through the event catalog. Users may **register** with an **email** and a **password** which allows them to **create** their own events. Event authors can also **edit** or **delete** their own publications at any time.

1. **Technical Details**

You are provided with the following resources:

* **Project scaffold**: a ***package.json*** file, containing a list of common dependencies. You may change the included libraries to your preference. The sections devDependencies and scripts of the file are used by the automated testing suite, altering them may result in an incorrect test operation.

To **initialize** the project, execute the command **npm install** via the command-line terminal.

* **HTML** **and CSS files**: all views (pages) of the application, including **sample** user-generated **content**, are included in the file ***index.html***, which links to CSS and other static files. **Each view is in a separate section** of the file, which can be identified by a **unique class name or id** attribute. Your application may use any preferred method (such as a **templating library** or manual visibility settings) to display only the selected view and to **navigate** between views upon user interaction.
* **Local** **REST service**: a special server which contains **sample data** and supports **user registration** and **CRUD operations** via REST requests is included in the project. Each section of this document (where applicable) includes details about the necessary **REST endpoints**, to which **requests** must be sent, and the **shape** of the expected **request body**.

For **more information** on how to use the included server, see **Appendix A: Using the Local REST Service** at the end of this document.

* **Automated tests**: a complete test suite is included, which can be used to test the correctness of your solution. **Your work will be assessed, based on these tests.**

For **more information** on how to run the tests, see **Appendix B: Running the Test Suite** at the end of this document.

**Do not use CDN** for loading the dependencies because it can **affect the tests in a negative** **way**!

**Note:** When creating HTML elements and displaying them on the page, **adhere as close as possible to the provided HTML** samples. Changing the structure of the document may **prevent the tests** from running correctly, which will **adversely affect your assessment grade**. You may **add attributes** (such as class and dataset) to any HTML element, as well as **change the** href attributes on links and add/change the method and action attributes of HTML forms to facilitate the correct operation of a routing library or another method of abstraction. You may also add hidden elements to help you implement certain parts of the application requirements.

1. **Application Requirements**

**Navigation Bar (5 pts)**

Implement a **navbar** for the app.

Navigation links should correctly change the current page (view). All users can see the site **logo** that should be a link to the **home** page as well as the **dashboard** whichshould link to the **events** page. **Guests** (unauthenticated visitors) can see the links to the **login** and **register** pages. The logged-in user navbar should contain the links to the **add event** page and a link for the **logout** action.

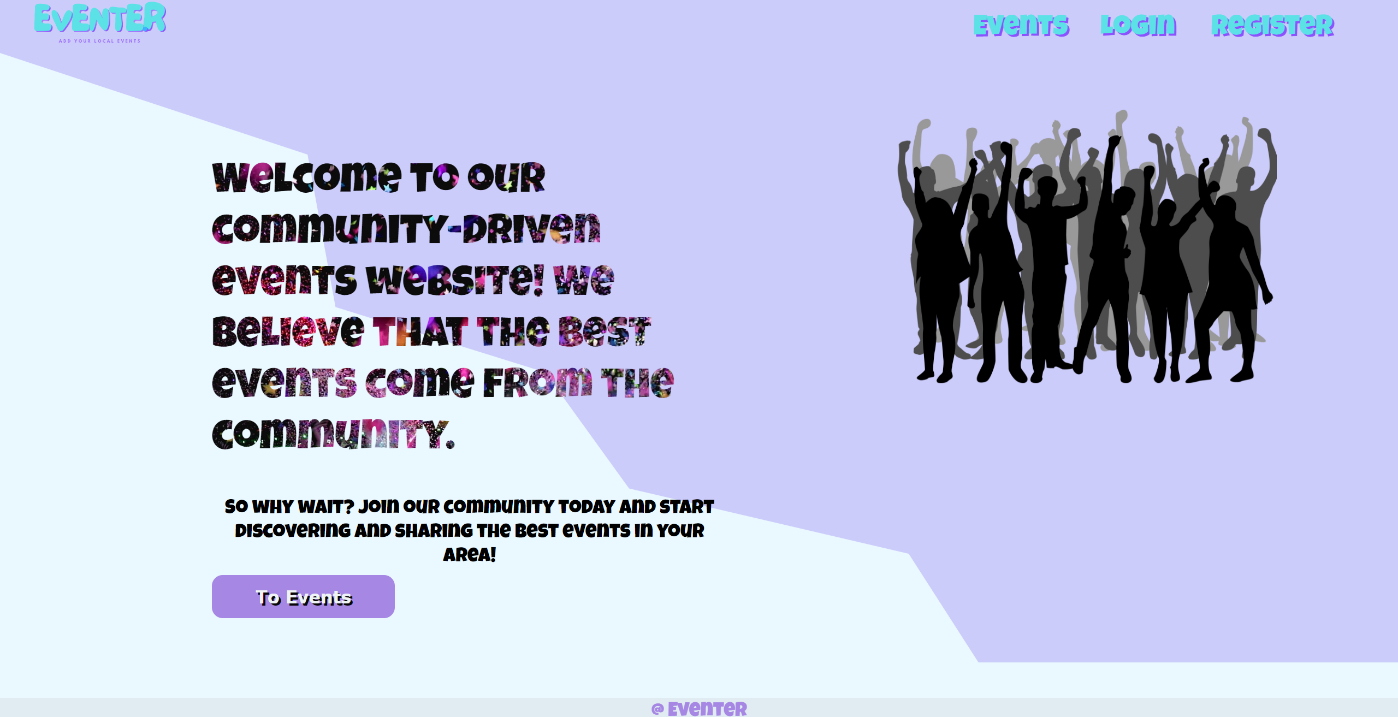
**Logged-in user** navigation example:



**Guest** navigation example:



**Home Page (10 pts)**

Implement a static **home page** for the app using the structure for it from the given resources. 

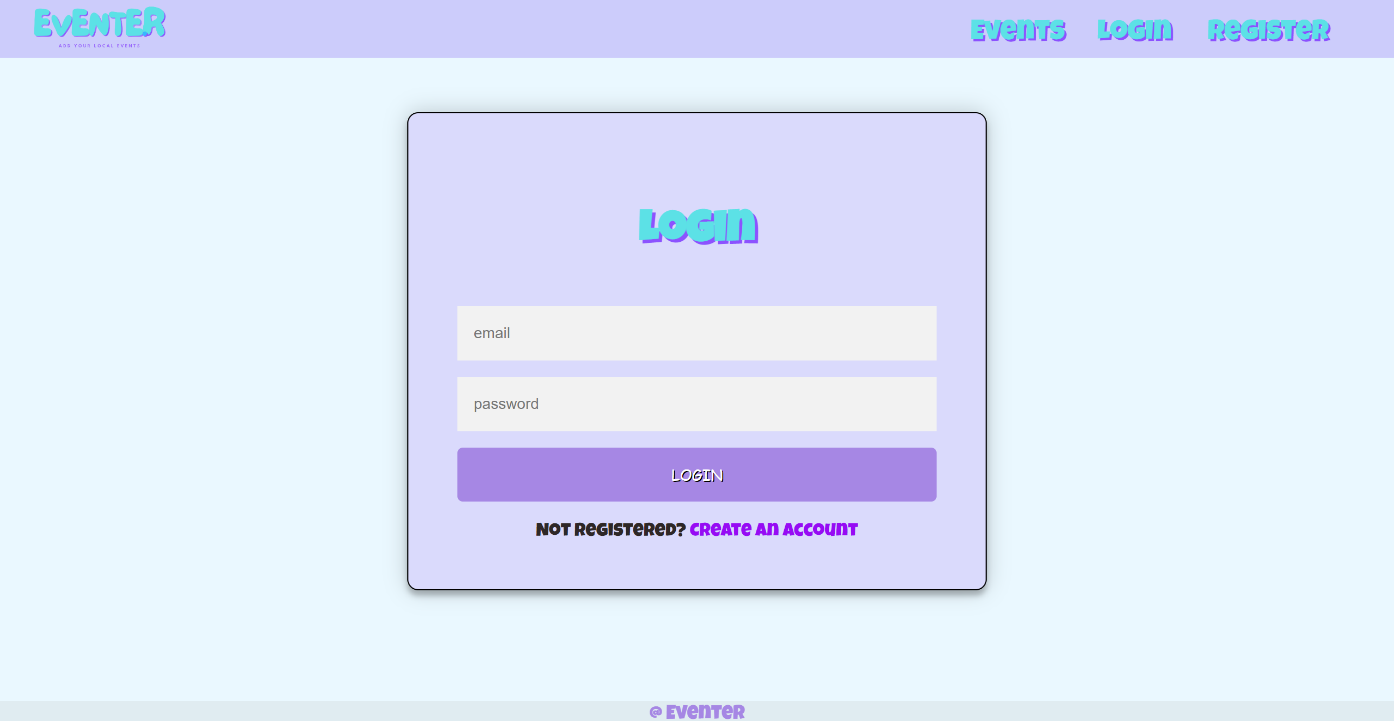
**Login Page (5 pts)**

The **included REST service** comes with the following **premade** user accounts, which you may use for development:

**{ "email": "peter@abv.bg", "password": "123456" }**

**{ "email": "john@abv.bg", "password": "123456" }**

The **login** page contains a form for existing user authentication. By providing an **email** and a **password**,the app should log a user in the system if there are **no empty fields**.



Send the following **request** to perform login:

**Method:** POST

**URL:** /users/login

The required **headers** are described in the documentation. The service expects a body with the following shape:

**{**

**email,**

**password**

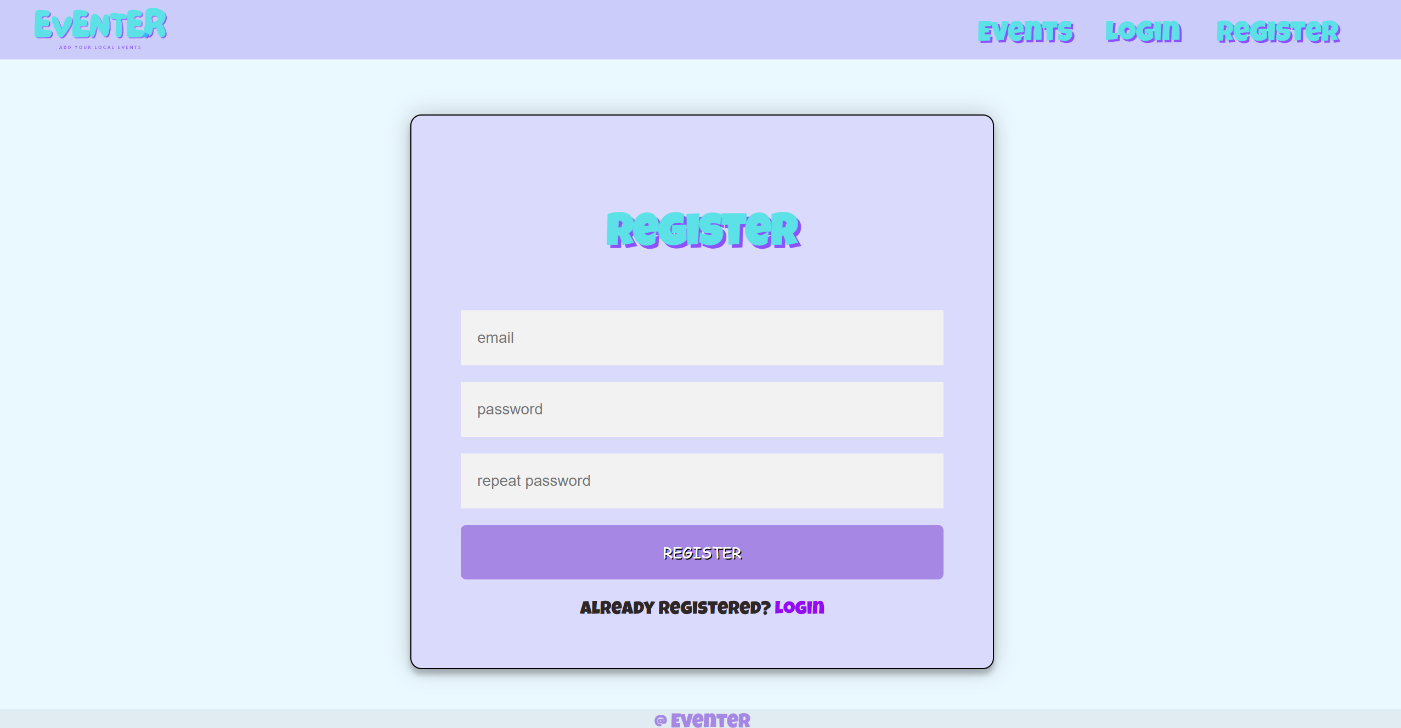
**}**

Upon success, the **REST service** will return the newly created object with an automatically generated \_id and a property accessToken which contains the **session token** for the user–you need to store this information using **sessionStorage** or **localStorage** in order to be able to perform authenticated requests.

If the login was successful, **redirect** the user to the **home** page. If there is an error, or the **validations** don’t pass, display an appropriate error message using a system dialog (**window.alert**).

**Register Page (10 pts)**

When an **email** and a **password** are provided, the app should register a new user in the system. All the fields are required – if any of them is empty or the **password** and **repeat password** don't match, display an error.



Send the following **request** to perform registration:

**Method:** POST

**URL:** /users/register

The required **headers** are described in the documentation. The service expects a body with the following shape:

**{**

**email,**

**password**

**}**

Upon success, the **REST service** will return the newly created object with an automatically generated \_id and a property accessToken, which contains the **session token** for the user–you need to store this information using **sessionStorage** or **localStorage** in order to be able to perform authenticated requests.

If the registration was successful, **redirect** the user to the **home** page. If there is an error or the **validations** don’t pass, display an appropriate error message, using a system dialog (**window.alert**).

**Logout (5 pts)**

The logout action is available to **logged-in users**. Send the following **request** to perform logout:

**Method:** GET

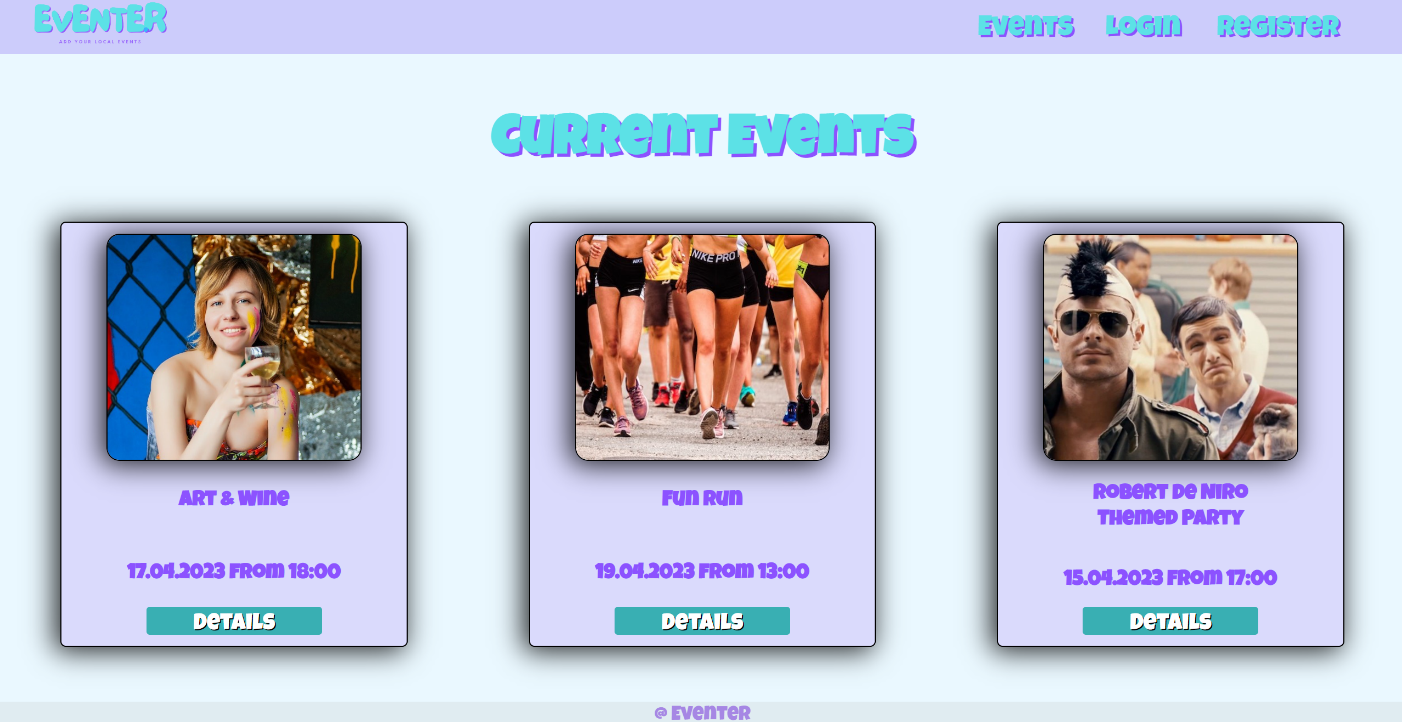
**URL:** /users/logout

The required **headers** are described in the documentation. Upon success, the **REST service** will return an **empty response**. Clear any session information you’ve stored in browser storage.

If the logout was successful, **redirect** the user to the **home** page.

**Dashboard (15 pts)**

This page displays a list of all events in the system. Clicking on the **[Details]** button in the event card leads to the details page for the selected event. This page should be visible to guests and logged-in users.



If there are **no events**, the following view should be displayed:



Send the following **request** to read the list of ads:

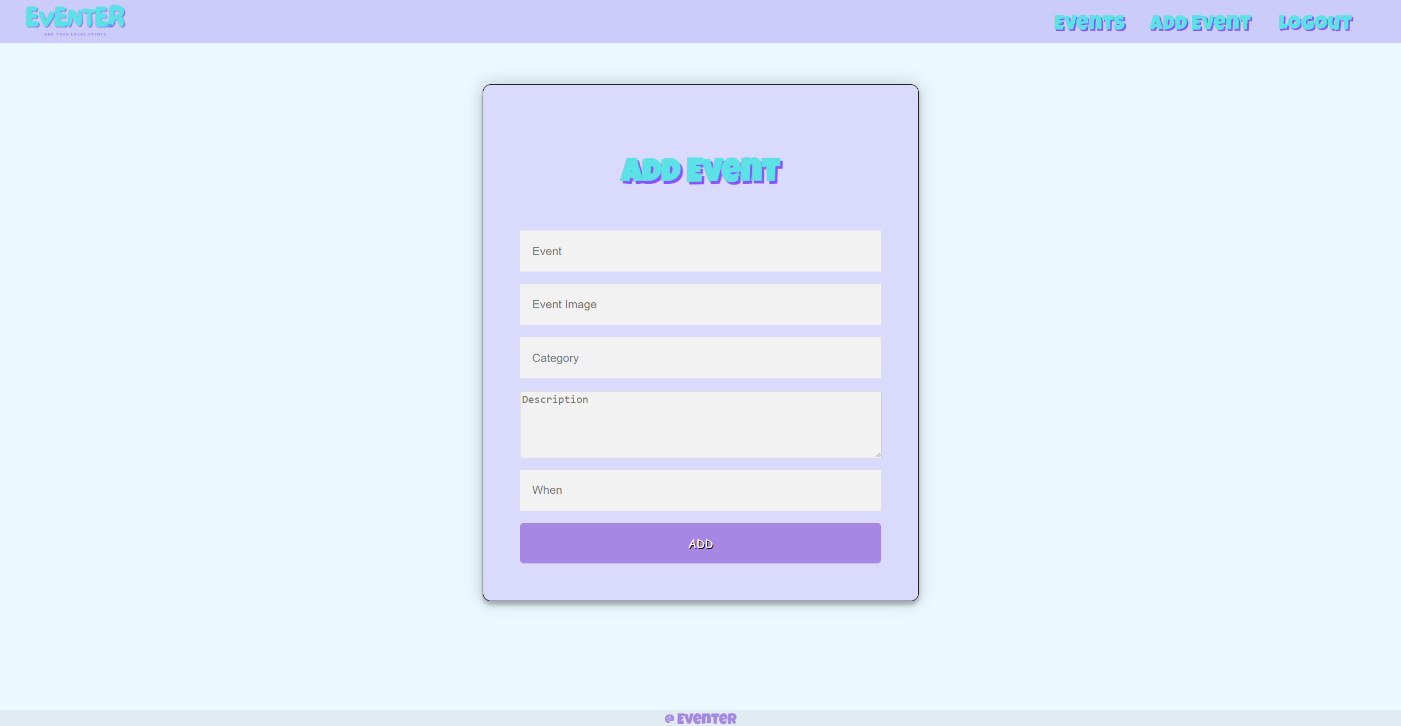
**Method:** GET

**URL:** /data/events?sortBy=\_createdOn%20desc

The required **headers** are described in the documentation. The service will return an array of events.

**Add a New Event (15 pts)**

The create page is available to **logged-in users**. It contains a form for adding a new event. Check if all the fields are filled before you send the request.



To create an event, send the following **request**:

**Method:** POST

**URL:** /data/events

The required **headers** are described in the documentation. The service expects a body with the following shape:

**{**

**name,**

**imageUrl,**

**category,**

**description,**

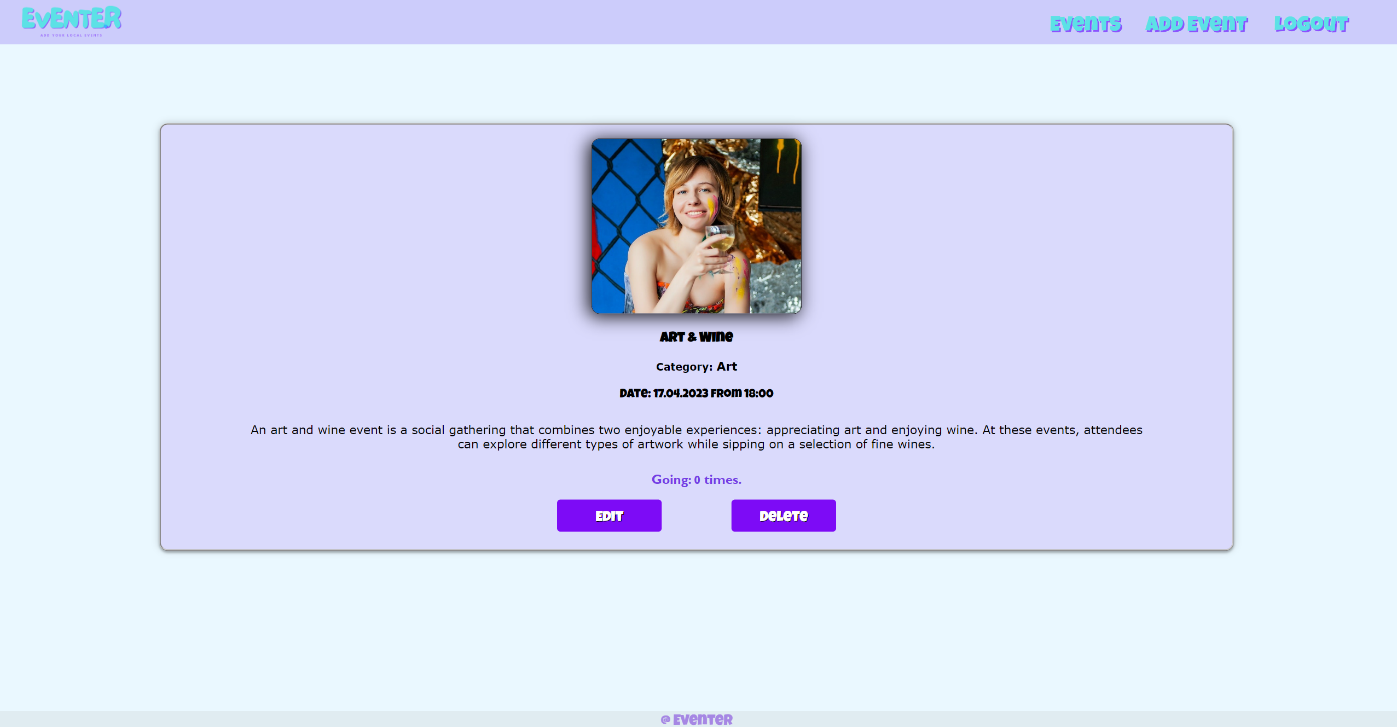
**date**

**}**

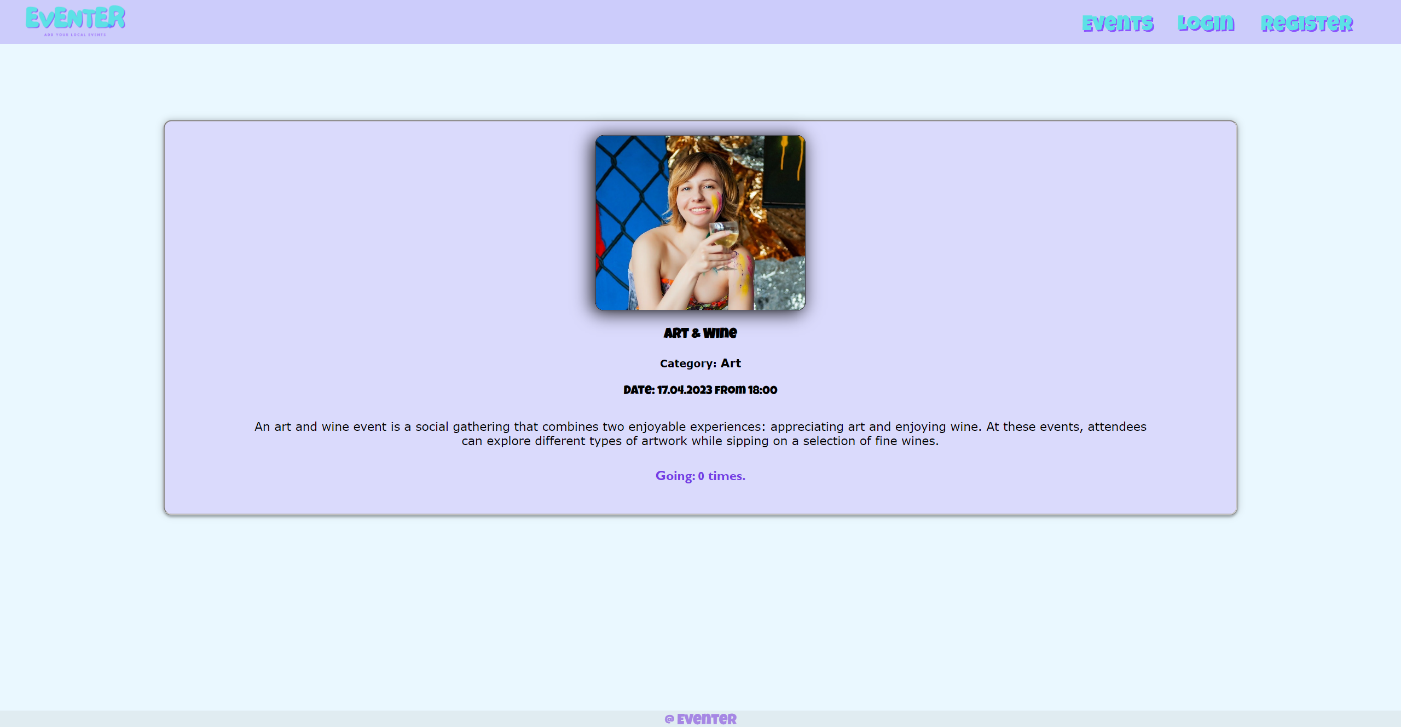
The required **headers** are described in the documentation. The service will return the newly created record. Upon success, **redirect** the user to the **events** page.

**Event Details (10 pts)**

All users should be able to **view details** aboutthe events. Clicking the **[Details]** link in of an **event card** should **display** the **details** page. If the currently **logged-in user** is the **creator**, the **[Edit]** and **[Delete]** buttonsshould be displayed. Otherwise, they should not be available. The view should look like this to the **creator** of the event record:



The view should look like this to **guest users**:



Send the following **request** to read a single event:

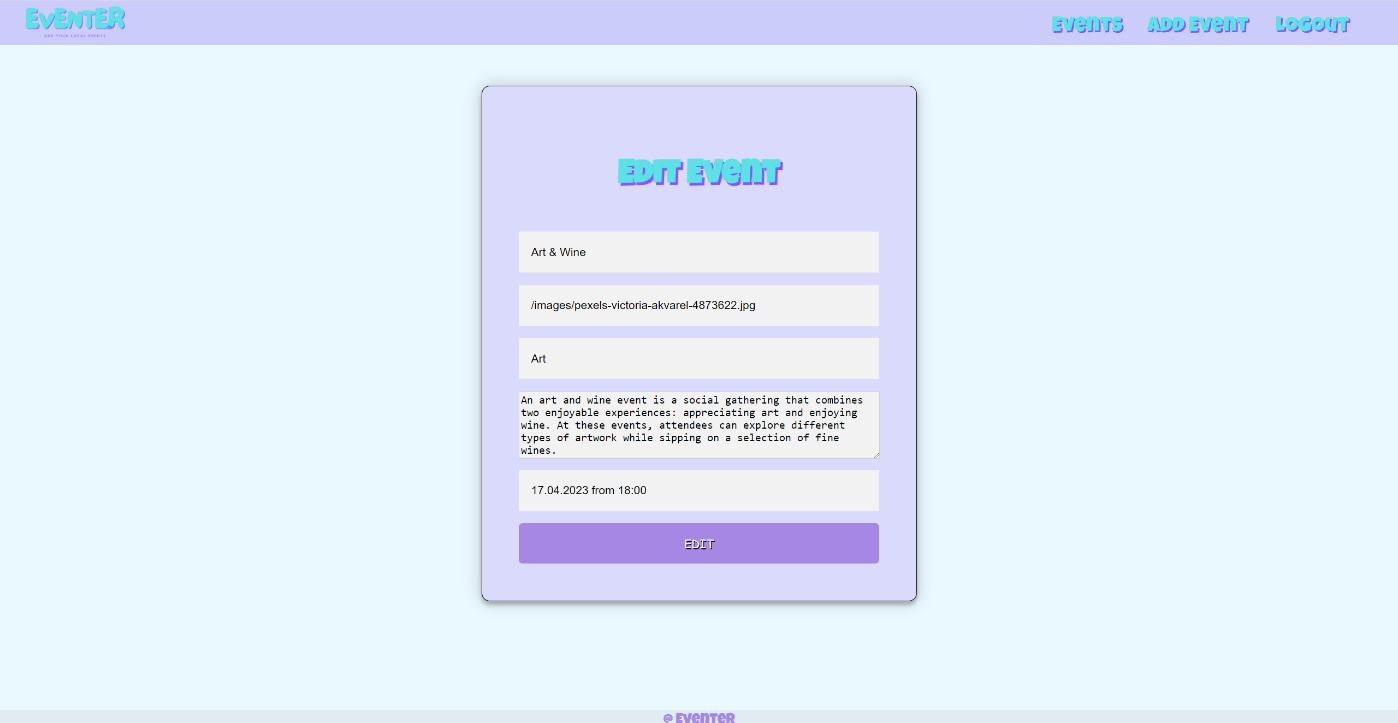
**Method:** GET

**URL:** /data/events/***:id***

***:id*** is the **ID** of the desired card. The required **headers** are described in the documentation. The service will return a single object.

**Edit an Event (15 pts)**

The edit page is available to logged-in users and it allows authors to **edit** their **own** event. Clicking the **Edit** link on the **details** page of a particular event should display the **edit** pag with all fields prepopulated with the event data. It contains a form with input fields for all relevant properties. Check if all the fields are filled before the user sends the request.



To edit an event, send the following **request**, where ***:id*** is the **ID** of the desired card:

**Method:** PUT

**URL:** /data/events/***:id***

The service expects a **body** with the following shape:

**{**

**name,**

**imageUrl,**

**category,**

**description,**

**date**

**}**

The required **headers** are described in the documentation. The service will return the modified record. Note that **PUT** requests **do not** merge properties and will instead **replace** the entire record. Upon success, **redirect** the user to the **details** page for the current event.

**Delete an Event (10 pts)**

The delete action is available to **logged-in users** for events they have created. When the author clicks on the **[Delete]** action on any of their events, **a confirmation dialog should be displayed**, and upon confirming this dialog, the event should be **deleted** from the system.

To delete event, send the following **request**, w**ID**:

**Method:** DELETE

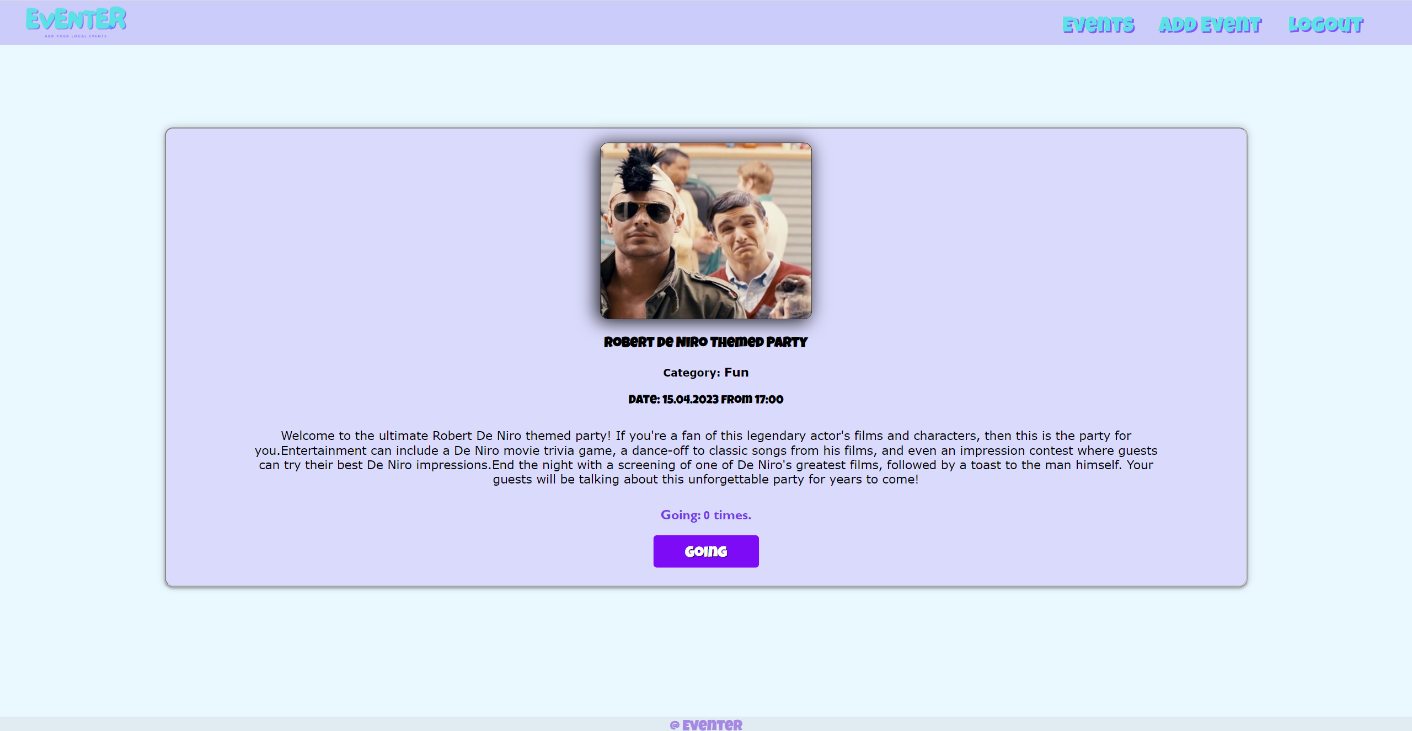
**URL:** /data/events/***:id***

The required **headers** are described in the documentation. The service will return an object, containing the deletion time. Upon success, **redirect** the user to the **events** page.

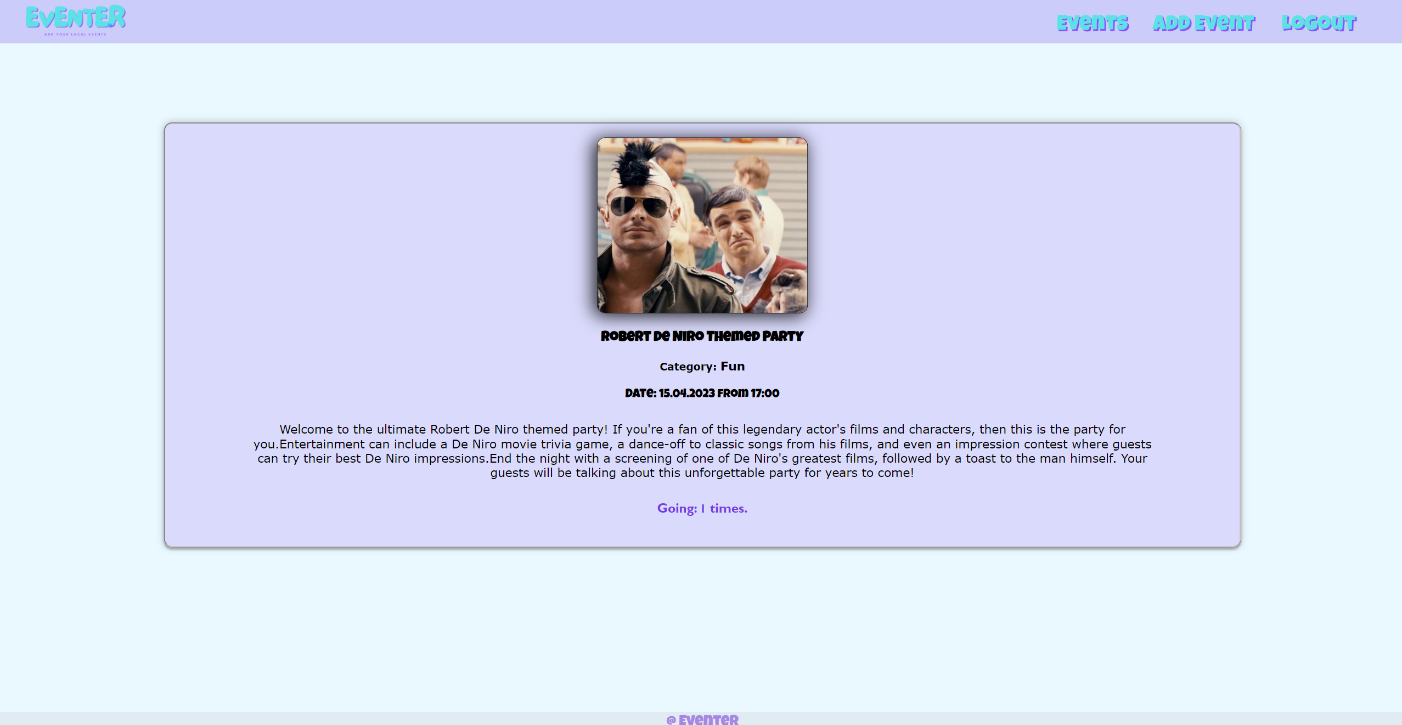
**BONUS: Go to Event (15 Pts)**

Every logged-in user should be able to **go to an event** that is **not his own**. When a user clicks on the **[Going]** button, **the counter of the event increases by 1**.

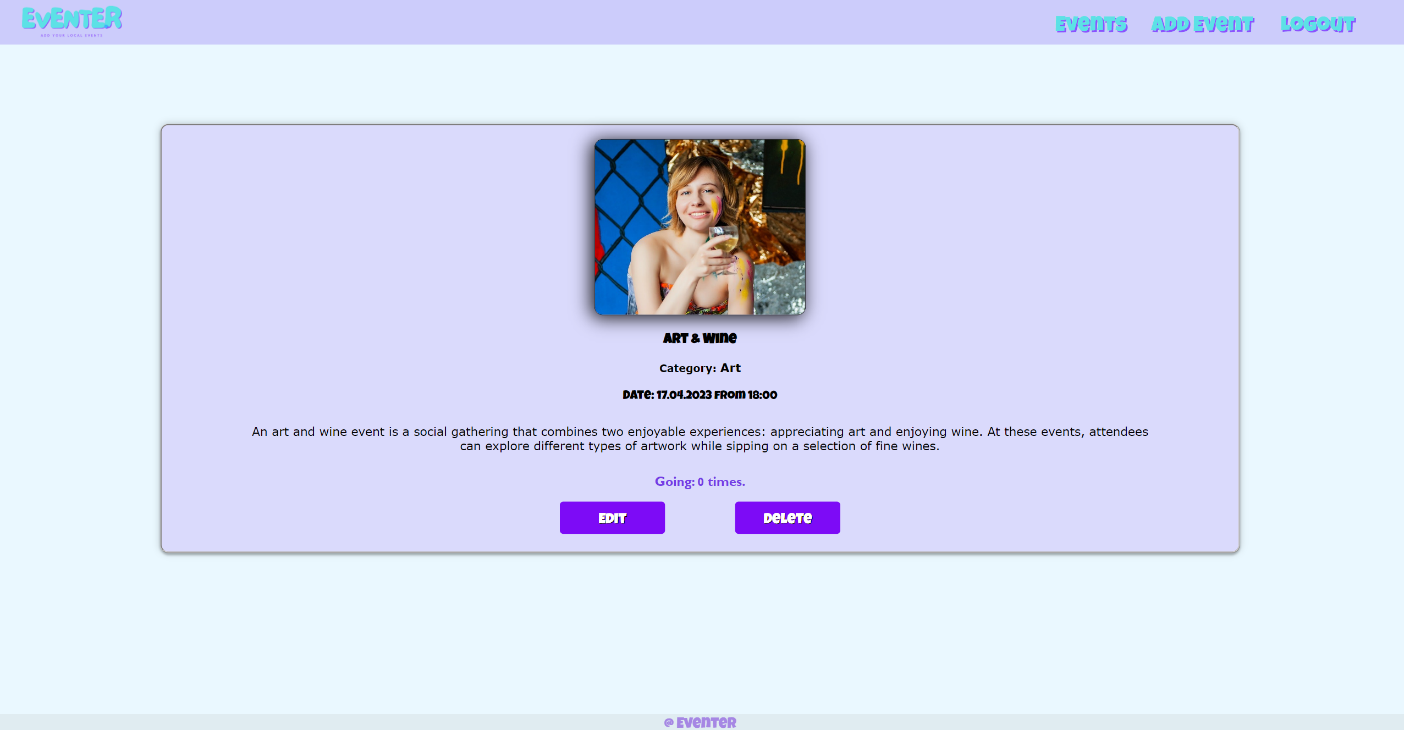
If the user has not pressed the **[Going]** button, the page should look like this:



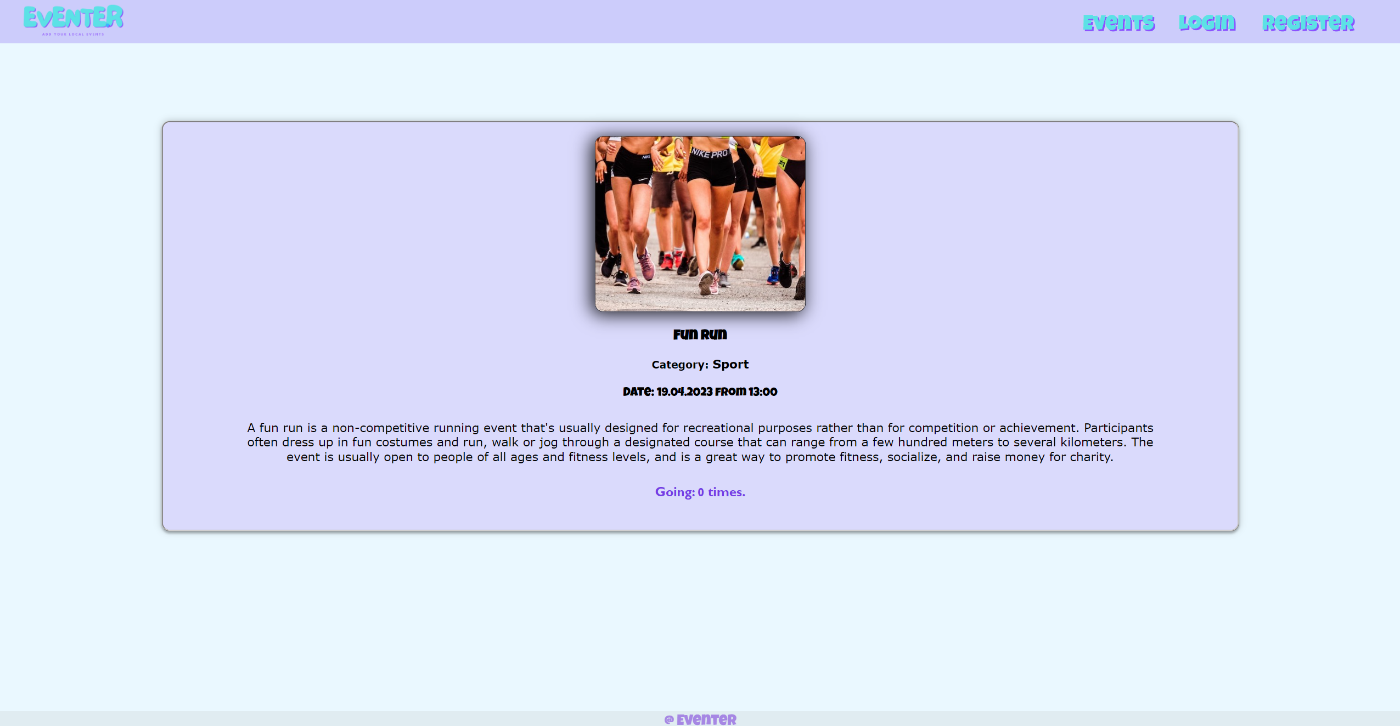
When the user presses the **[Going]** button to go to the event, the button should disappear and the counter should be increased by 1.



**The creator** of the event should not be able to see the **[Going]** button. The view should look like this to them:



**Guests** should not be able to see the **[Going]** button. The view should look like this to them:



Send the following **request to add people to the event:**

**Method:** POST

**URL:** /data/going

The service expects a **body** with the following shape:

**{**

**eventId**

**}**

The required **headers** are described in the documentation. The service will return the newly created record.

Send the following **request to get total going count for a event**:

**Method:** GET

**URL: /**data/going?where=eventId%3D%22**{eventId}**%22&distinct=\_ownerId&count

***{eventId}*** is the **ID** of the desired event. The required **headers** are described in the documentation. The service will return the **total count of the people**.

Send the following **request to get the number of the people going to an event for a specific user**:

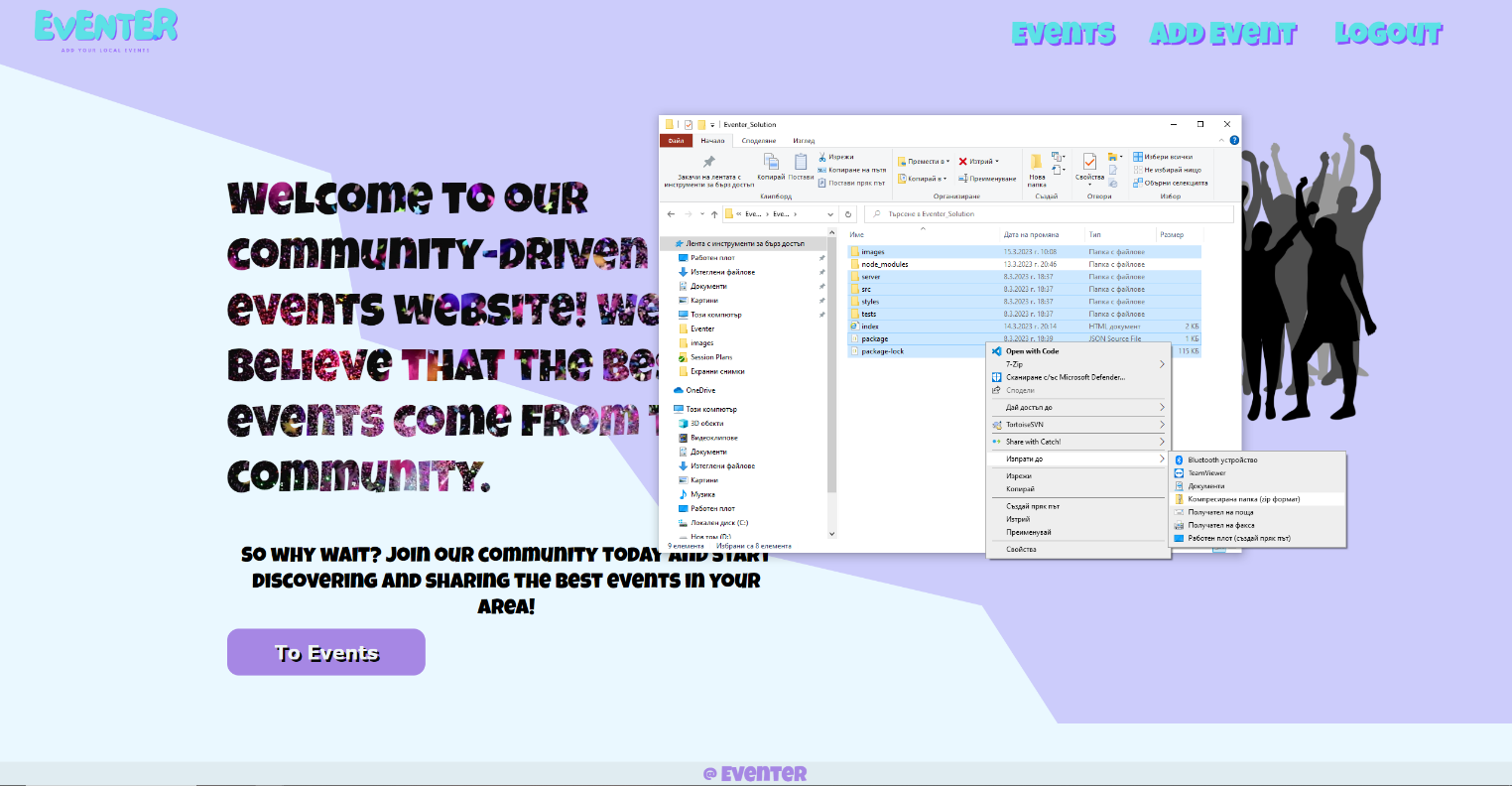
**Method:** GET

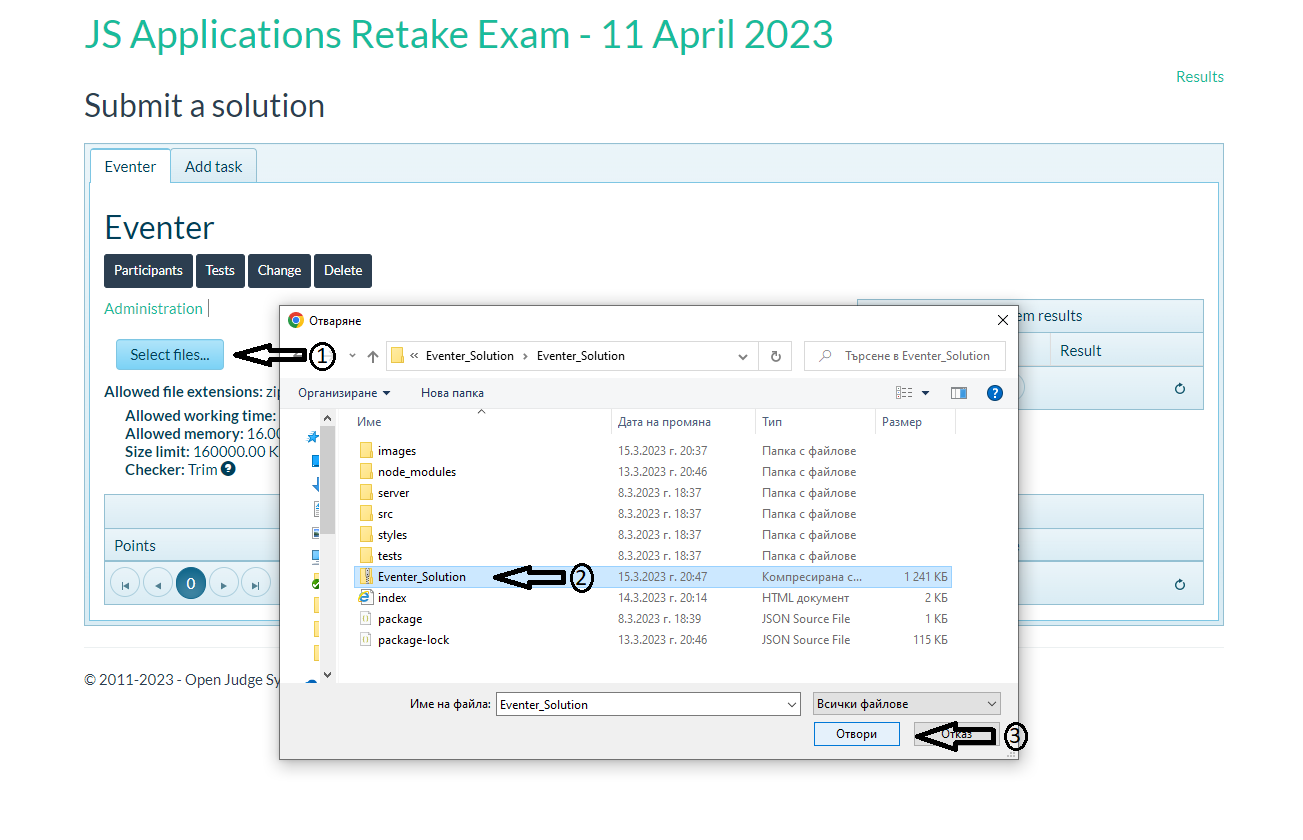
**URL:**/data/going?where=eventId%3D%22**{eventId}**%22%20and%20\_ownerId%3D%22**{userId}**%22&count

***{eventId}*** is the **ID** of the desired event and ***{userId}*** is the **ID** of the currently logged-in user.  
The required **headers** are described in the documentation. The service will return either **0** or **1**. Depending on that result, the **[Going]** button should be displayed or not.

1. **Subtmitting Your Solution**

Select all the content of your project folder. Exclude the ***node\_modules*** folder. Archive the selected files and folders into a **ZIP** file and upload the archive to Judge.





**It will take several minutes for Judge to process your solution!**

1. **Appendix A: Using the Local REST Service**

**Starting the Service**

The REST service will be in a folder named “server” inside the provided resources archive. It has no dependencies and can be started by opening a terminal in its directory and executing:

**node server.js**

If everything is initialized correctly, you should see a message about the **host address and port** on which the service will respond to requests.

**Sending Requests**

To send a request, use the **hostname** and **port**, shown in the initialization log and **resource address** and **method** as described in the **application requirements**. If some data needs to be included in the request, it must be **JSON-encoded** and the appropriate **Content-Type** **header** must be added. Similarly, if the service is to return data, it will be JSON-encoded. Note that **some requests do not return a body** and attempting to parse them will throw an exception.

Read requests, as well as login and register requests do not require authentication. All the other requests must be authenticated.

**Required Headers**

To send data to the server, include a **Content-Type** header and encode the body as a JSON-string:

**Content-Type: application/json**

*{JSON-encoded request body as described in the application requirements}*

To perform an authenticated request, include an **X-Authorization** header, set to the value of the **session token**, returned by an earlier login or register request:

**X-Authorization:** *{session token}*

**Server Response**

Data response:

**HTTP/1.1 200 OK**

**Access-Contrl-Allow-Origin: \***

**Content-Type: application/json**

*{JSON-encoded response data}*

Empty response:

**HTTP/1.1 204 No Content**

**Access-Contrl-Allow-Origin: \***

Error response:

**HTTP/1.1 400 Request Error**

**Access-Contrl-Allow-Origin: \***

**Content-Type: application/json**

*{JSON-encoded error message}*

**More Information**

You can find more details on the [GitHub repository of the service](https://github.com/softuni-practice-server/softuni-practice-server/blob/master/README.md).

1. **Appendix B: Running the Test Suite**

**Project Setup**

The tests require a web server to deliver the content of the application. There is a development web server included in the project scaffold, but you may use whatever server you are familiar with. Note that specialized tools like **BrowserSync** may interfere with the tests. To initialize the project with its dependencies, open a terminal in the folder, containing the file ***package.json*** and execute the following:

**npm install**

Note that if you changed the section **devDependencies** of the project, the tests may not initialize properly.



**Executing the Tests**

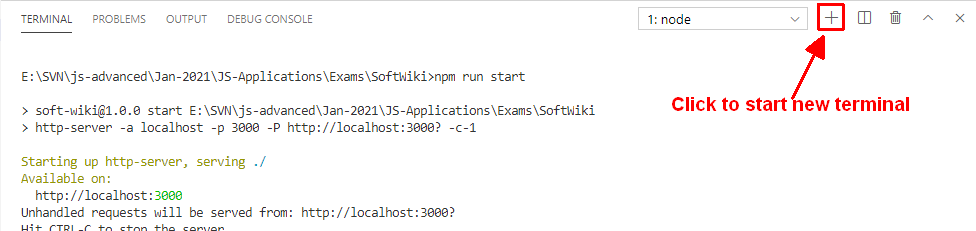
Before running the test suite, make sure a web server is operational, and the application can be found at the root of its network address. To start the included server, open a terminal in the folder containing ***package.json*** and execute:

**npm run start**

This is a one-time operation unless you terminate the server at any point. It can be restarted with the same command as above.

To execute the tests, open a new terminal (do not close the terminal, running the web server instance) in the folder containing ***package.json*** and execute:

**npm run test**



Test results will be displayed in the terminal along with detailed information about encountered problems. You can perform this operation as many times as it is necessary by re-running the command above.

**Debugging Your Solution**

If a test fails, you can view detailed information about the requirements that were not met by your application. Open the file ***e2e.test.js*** in the folder ***tests*** and navigate to the desired section as described below.

**This first step will not be necessary if you are using the included web server.** Make sure the application host is set correctly:



The value for host must be the address where your application is being served. Make sure that entering this address in a regular internet browser shows your application.

To make just a single test run, instead of the full suite (useful when debugging a single failing test), find the test and append .only after the it reference:



On slower machines, some of the tests may require more time to complete. You can instruct the tests to run more slowly by slightly increasing the values for interval and timeout:



Note that interval values greater than 500 and timeout values greater than 10000 are not recommended.

If this doesn’t make the test pass, set the value of DEBUG to true and run the tests again – this will launch a browser instance and allow you to see what is being tested, what the test sees and where it fails (or hangs):



If the actions are happening too fast, you can increase the value of slowMo. If the browser hangs, you can just close it and abort any remaining tests by focusing the terminal window and pressing **[Ctrl+C]** followed by the letter "y" and **[Enter]**.

The final thing to look for is the exact row where the test fails:

